



Combined Cash-Flow Projections — All-Cash vs Leveraged

Top Pick Per Country | 5-Year Total Return Analysis

Disclaimer: Projections use current market yields, estimated operating costs, and conservative growth forecasts. All amounts in USD. Exchange rates as at August 2026. This is not financial advice — consult licensed professionals in each jurisdiction.

Executive Summary — Side-by-Side Comparison

Rank	Country	Property	All-Cash: Annualised	Leveraged: Annualised	Leverage Verdict
1	UAE	Sparkle Tower 2, Dubai Marina	6.5%	7.6%	✓ Leverage helps (+1.1%)
2	UK	Wardley, Manchester	6.2%	7.3%	✓ Leverage helps (+1.1%)
3	Spain	Penthouse, Valencia	6.2%	6.3%	✓ Leverage marginal (+0.1%)
4	Australia	Arca Residences, Brisbane	5.4%	4.1%	✗ Leverage hurts (-1.3%)
5	Canada	Campground, Saugeen Shores	5.1%	3.1%	✗ Leverage hurts (-2.0%)
6	USA	501 First Residences, Miami	4.8%	1.2%	✗ Leverage kills (-3.6%)
7	Portugal	Matosinhos, Porto	4.4%	2.0%	✗ Leverage hurts (-2.4%)
8	Germany	Köpenick, Berlin	4.3%	3.1%	✗ Leverage hurts (-1.2%)
9	Singapore	Seahill (1-bed)	2.6%	1.6%	✗ Leverage hurts (-1.0%)
10	Japan	1LDK, Shinjuku, Tokyo	1.8%	N/A	Mortgages not available

Key Insight

Leverage only works in 2 of 9 markets. Mortgage rates are too high relative to rental yields in most countries. Dubai and UK Manchester are the only places where borrowing money to buy property is net-positive after all costs. Everywhere else, you're better off paying cash or not buying at all with a mortgage.

Detailed Comparison Table

Rank	Country	Property	Price	Cash Invested (All-Cash)	Net CF/ Yr (Cash)	Net Yield (Cash)	Cash Invested (Leveraged)	Net CF/Yr (Leveraged)	Net Yield (Leveraged)	5yr Return (Cash)	5yr Return (Leveraged)
1	UAE	Sparkle Tower 2	\$869k	\$921k	+ \$30,791	3.3%	\$313k	-\$9,782	-3.1%	37.2%	44.5%
2	UK	Wardley, Manchester	\$159k	\$169k	+ \$6,586	3.9%	\$66k	+\$334	0.5%	34.9%	42.2%
3	Spain	Penthouse, Valencia	\$420k	\$460k	+ \$9,439	2.1%	\$208k	-\$8,099	-3.9%	35.3%	35.9%
4	Australia	Arca, Brisbane	\$776k	\$850k	+ \$1,452	0.2%	\$384k	-\$32,046	-8.3%	29.8%	22.3%
5	Canada	Campground, ON	\$1.2M	\$1.24M	+ \$40,601	3.3%	\$638k	-\$7,841	-1.2%	28.0%	16.4%
6	USA	501 First, Miami	\$540k	\$551k	-\$1,980	-0.4%	\$200k	-\$28,603	-14.3%	26.4%	6.1%
7	Portugal	Matosinhos, Porto	\$278k	\$297k	+ \$4,465	1.5%	\$131k	-\$7,144	-5.5%	24.1%	10.4%
8	Germany	Köpenick, Berlin	\$185k	\$200k	+ \$3,439	1.7%	\$89k	-\$2,937	-3.3%	23.4%	16.6%
9	Singapore	Seahill	\$615k	\$990k	+ \$7,226	0.7%	\$683k	-\$8,581	-1.3%	13.5%	8.1%
10	Japan	Shinjuku, Tokyo	\$502k	\$522k	-\$1,205	-0.2%	N/A	N/A	N/A	9.5%	N/A

Detailed Breakdown — All 10 Properties

#1: UAE — Sparkle Tower 2, Dubai Marina

Property: \$869,000 | Gross yield: 5.8% | Growth: 4.0%/yr | Tax: Zero income tax, zero CGT

Scenario A: All-Cash

Line Item	Amount
Total cash invested (property + 4% DLD + legal)	\$921,140
Gross rental income	\$50,402/yr

Line Item	Amount
Service charges (AED 150/sqm)	\$5,798/yr
Property management (5%)	\$2,520/yr
Insurance (0.3%)	\$2,607/yr
Maintenance (1%)	\$8,690/yr
Property tax	\$0
Net operating income	\$30,791/yr
Income tax (0%)	\$0
Net cash flow	+\$30,791/yr (3.3% yield)
5-year property value (4% growth)	\$1,057,271
Capital gain	\$188,271
CGT (0%)	\$0
Total rental income (5yr)	\$153,956
Total 5-year return	\$342,228 (37.2%)
Annualised return	6.5%

Scenario B: Leveraged (70% LTV @ 4.5%, 25yr)

Line Item	Amount
Cash invested (30% deposit + costs)	\$312,840
Loan amount	\$608,300
Monthly mortgage	\$3,381
Annual mortgage	\$40,574/yr
Net cash flow (after debt + tax)	-\$9,782/yr (-3.1% yield)
Principal paydown (year 1)	\$13,200
Total rental income (5yr, net)	-\$48,911
Total 5-year return (incl. equity build)	\$139,360 (44.5%)
Annualised return	7.6%
Verdict	✓ Leverage helps (+1.1%)

Why leverage works here: Zero tax means the full NOI covers debt service. Property growth (4%) exceeds mortgage rate after tax adjustment. You lose \$9.8k/yr in cash flow but gain \$13.2k/yr in equity + \$188k in tax-free capital gain on only \$313k invested.

#2: UK — Wardley, Manchester

Property: \$159,000 | Gross yield: 7.5% | Growth: 4.0%/yr | Tax: 24% on profit, 24% CGT

Scenario A: All-Cash

Line Item	Amount
Total cash invested (property + 5% SDLT + legal)	\$169,335



Line Item	Amount
Gross rental income	\$11,925/yr
Operating expenses (mgmt, insurance, maintenance)	\$3,260/yr
Net operating income	\$8,666/yr
Income tax (24% on profit)	\$2,080/yr
Net cash flow	+\$6,586/yr (3.9% yield)
5-year property value	\$193,448
Capital gain	\$34,448
CGT (24%)	\$8,267
Total rental income (5yr)	\$32,929
Total 5-year return	\$59,109 (34.9%)
Annualised return	6.2%

Scenario B: Leveraged (65% LTV @ 5.5%, 25yr)

Line Item	Amount
Cash invested (35% deposit + costs)	\$65,985
Loan amount	\$103,350
Monthly mortgage	\$635
Annual mortgage	\$7,616/yr
Net cash flow (after debt + tax)	+\$334/yr (0.5% yield)
Principal paydown (year 1)	\$1,932
Total 5-year return	\$27,851 (42.2%)
Annualised return	7.3%
Verdict	✓ Leverage helps (+1.1%)

Why leverage works here: Lowest entry point (\$66k) with positive cash flow even with a mortgage. The 7.5% gross yield covers the 5.5% mortgage rate. You're building equity with just \$66k down.

#3: Spain — Penthouse, Valencia

Property: \$420,000 | Gross yield: 6.5% | Growth: 6.0%/yr | Tax: 24% on gross rent, 19% CGT

Scenario A: All-Cash

Line Item	Amount
Total cash invested (property + 8% ITP + legal)	\$459,900
Gross rental income	\$27,300/yr
Operating expenses (IBI, community, mgmt, insurance, maint)	\$11,309/yr
Net operating income	\$15,991/yr
Income tax (24% on gross rent — not profit!)	\$6,552/yr
Net cash flow	+\$9,439/yr (2.1% yield)

Line Item	Amount
5-year property value (6% growth)	\$562,055
Capital gain	\$142,055
CGT (19%)	\$26,990
Total rental income (5yr)	\$47,196
Total 5-year return	\$162,260 (35.3%)
Annualised return	6.2%

Scenario B: Leveraged (60% LTV @ 3.5%, 20yr)

Line Item	Amount
Cash invested	\$207,900
Loan amount	\$252,000
Monthly mortgage	\$1,461
Net cash flow (after debt + tax)	-\$8,099/yr (-3.9% yield)
Principal paydown (year 1)	\$8,718
Total 5-year return	\$74,570 (35.9%)
Annualised return	6.3%
Verdict	✓ Leverage marginal (+0.1%)

Note: Spain's 24% tax on **gross** rent (not profit) is the drag. Mortgage interest isn't deductible against this gross-rent tax. Leverage is barely positive because the 3.5% mortgage rate is low (Euribor-based), but you bleed \$8k/yr in cash flow.

#4: Australia — Arca Residences, Brisbane

Property: \$776,000 | Gross yield: 4.2% | Growth: 6.0%/yr | Tax: 30% on profit, 12.5% CGT (50% discount)

Scenario A: All-Cash

Line Item	Amount
Total cash invested (property + 8% foreign stamp + legal)	\$849,720
Gross rental income	\$32,592/yr
Operating expenses (strata, foreign land tax 2%, mgmt, insurance, maint)	\$31,140/yr
Net operating income	\$1,452/yr
Income tax (30% on profit)	\$0 (NOI too low)
Net cash flow	+\$1,452/yr (0.2% yield)
5-year property value (6% growth)	\$1,038,463
Capital gain	\$262,463
CGT (12.5% after 50% discount)	\$16,404
Total rental income (5yr)	\$7,258
Total 5-year return	\$253,317 (29.8%)



Line Item	Amount
Annualised return	5.4%

Scenario B: Leveraged (60% LTV @ 6.0%, 30yr)

Line Item	Amount
Cash invested	\$384,120
Monthly mortgage	\$2,792
Net cash flow (after debt + tax)	-\$32,046/yr (-8.3% yield)
Total 5-year return	\$85,827 (22.3%)
Annualised return	4.1%
Verdict	X Leverage hurts (-1.3%)

Note: Foreign stamp duty (8%) + foreign land tax (2%/yr) + 6% mortgage rate = triple penalty. Pure growth play — all return comes from capital appreciation (Brisbane Olympics 2032). Cash only.

#5: Canada — Campground, Saugeen Shores, Ontario

Property: \$1,203,000 | Gross yield: 10.0% | Growth: 3.0%/yr | Tax: 25% on profit, 25% CGT

Scenario A: All-Cash

Line Item	Amount
Total cash invested	\$1,239,090
Gross rental income	\$120,300/yr
Operating expenses (prop tax, mgmt, insurance, maint 3%)	\$72,180/yr
Net operating income	\$48,120/yr
Income tax (25%)	\$7,519/yr
Net cash flow	+\$40,601/yr (3.3% yield)
5-year property value	\$1,394,607
Capital gain	\$191,607
CGT (25%)	\$47,902
Total rental income (5yr)	\$203,006
Total 5-year return	\$346,711 (28.0%)
Annualised return	5.1%

Scenario B: Leveraged (50% LTV @ 7.0%, 20yr)

Line Item	Amount
Cash invested	\$637,590
Monthly mortgage	\$4,663
Net cash flow	-\$7,841/yr (-1.2% yield)
Total 5-year return	\$104,500 (16.4%)

Line Item	Amount
Annualised return	3.1%
Verdict	X Leverage hurts (-2.0%)

Note: Highest gross yield (10%) and highest absolute cash flow (\$40k/yr) — but commercial 7% mortgage rate kills leverage. Cash buyer only. Active management required (it's a campground).

#6: USA — 501 First Residences, Miami

Property: \$540,000 | Gross yield: 8.0% | Growth: 6.0%/yr | Tax: 30% on profit, 15% FIRPTA

Scenario A: All-Cash

Line Item	Amount
Total cash invested	\$551,340
Gross rental income (STR)	\$43,200/yr
Operating expenses (HOA \$450/sqm, prop tax 1.1%, STR mgmt 10%, insurance 0.8%, maint)	\$45,180/yr
Net operating income	-\$1,980/yr
Net cash flow	-\$1,980/yr (-0.4% yield)
5-year property value (6% growth)	\$722,642
Capital gain	\$182,642
CGT/FIRPTA (15%)	\$27,396
Total 5-year return	\$145,346 (26.4%)
Annualised return	4.8%

Scenario B: Leveraged (65% LTV @ 6.5%, 30yr)

Line Item	Amount
Cash invested	\$200,340
Monthly mortgage	\$2,219
Net cash flow	-\$28,603/yr (-14.3% yield)
Total 5-year return	\$12,232 (6.1%)
Annualised return	1.2%
Verdict	X Leverage kills (-3.6%)

Note: HOA fees (\$25k/yr) exceed the mortgage. This property is cash-flow negative even with no mortgage. The entire return is capital growth. **Verify actual HOA before buying** — if HOA is \$300/sqm instead of \$450, it turns positive.

#7: Portugal — Matosinhos, Porto

Property: \$278,000 | Gross yield: 6.0% | Growth: 4.5%/yr | Tax: 25% on gross rent, 28% CGT

Scenario A: All-Cash

Line Item	Amount
Total cash invested	\$297,460
Gross rental income	\$16,680/yr
Operating expenses	\$8,045/yr
Net operating income	\$8,635/yr
Income tax (25% on gross)	\$4,170/yr
Net cash flow	+\$4,465/yr (1.5% yield)
5-year property value	\$346,439
Capital gain	\$68,439
CGT (28%)	\$19,163
Total rental income (5yr)	\$22,323
Total 5-year return	\$71,599 (24.1%)
Annualised return	4.4%

Scenario B: Leveraged (60% LTV @ 3.5%, 20yr)

Line Item	Amount
Cash invested	\$130,660
Monthly mortgage	\$967
Net cash flow	-\$7,144/yr (-5.5% yield)
Total 5-year return	\$13,556 (10.4%)
Annualised return	2.0%
Verdict	X Leverage hurts (-2.4%)

Note: Same problem as Spain — 25% tax on **gross** rent (not profit) means mortgage interest isn't deductible. The 28% CGT is also the highest on this list.

#8: Germany — Köpenick, Berlin

Property: \$185,000 | Gross yield: 3.95% | Growth: 3.0%/yr | Tax: 15% on profit, 0% CGT if held >10yr

Scenario A: All-Cash

Line Item	Amount
Total cash invested	\$199,800
Gross rental income	\$7,308/yr
Operating expenses	\$3,360/yr
Net operating income	\$3,948/yr
Income tax (15% on profit)	\$509/yr
Net cash flow	+\$3,439/yr (1.7% yield)
5-year property value	\$214,466

Line Item	Amount
Capital gain	\$29,466
CGT (0% if >10yr)	\$0
Total rental income (5yr)	\$17,195
Total 5-year return	\$46,661 (23.4%)
Annualised return	4.3%

Scenario B: Leveraged (60% LTV @ 3.8%, 25yr)

Line Item	Amount
Cash invested	\$88,800
Monthly mortgage	\$574
Net cash flow	-\$2,937/yr (-3.3% yield)
Total 5-year return	\$14,783 (16.6%)
Annualised return	3.1%
Verdict	X Leverage hurts (-1.2%)

Note: The 10-year CGT exemption is the standout feature. Hold 10+ years, pay zero CGT. Second-lowest entry (\$200k all-cash, \$89k leveraged). Low yield (3.95%) means leverage doesn't work — but long-term hold for tax-free appreciation is attractive.

#9: Singapore — Seahill (1-bed)

Property: \$615,000 | Gross yield: 3.0% | Growth: 3.0%/yr | Tax: 22% on profit, 0% CGT

Scenario A: All-Cash

Line Item	Amount
Total cash invested (property + 60% ABSD + legal)	\$990,150
Gross rental income	\$18,450/yr
Operating expenses	\$9,532/yr
Net operating income	\$8,918/yr
Income tax (22% on profit)	\$1,691/yr
Net cash flow	+\$7,226/yr (0.7% yield)
5-year property value	\$712,954
Capital gain	\$97,954
CGT (0%)	\$0
Total rental income (5yr)	\$36,131
Total 5-year return	\$134,085 (13.5%)
Annualised return	2.6%

Scenario B: Leveraged (50% LTV @ 3.0%, 25yr)

Line Item	Amount
Cash invested (deposit + 60% ABSD + legal)	\$682,650
Net cash flow	-\$8,581/yr (-1.3% yield)
Total 5-year return	\$55,049 (8.1%)
Annualised return	1.6%
Verdict	X Leverage hurts (-1.0%)

Note: \$375k of your investment is pure tax (60% ABSD). You'd earn 2.6% annualised all-cash — barely above a savings account. **Avoid unless you have PR status (5% ABSD instead of 60%).**

#10: Japan — 1LDK, Shinjuku, Tokyo

Property: \$502,000 | Gross yield: 2.8% | Growth: 2.5%/yr | Tax: 20.42% withholding, 15.315% CGT

Scenario A: All-Cash (Only Option)

Line Item	Amount
Total cash invested	\$522,080
Gross rental income	\$14,056/yr
Operating expenses (prop tax 1.4%, city plan 0.3%, mgmt, insurance, maint)	\$15,261/yr
Net operating income	-\$1,205/yr
Income tax	\$0 (negative)
Net cash flow	-\$1,205/yr (-0.2% yield)
5-year property value	\$567,967
Capital gain	\$65,967
CGT (15.315%)	\$10,103
Total rental income (5yr)	-\$6,024
Total 5-year return	\$49,840 (9.5%)
Annualised return	1.8%

Scenario B: N/A — Mortgages Not Available

Non-resident foreigners cannot obtain mortgages in Japan. Cash purchase only.

Note: Japanese apartments depreciate (building value drops to ~0 over 20-30 years). The land underneath is the real asset — but in a 36sqm apartment, land value is minimal. This is a weak-yen currency play more than a property investment.

Leverage Decision Guide

Country	Leverage Works?	Why
UAE	Yes	Zero tax, 4.5% rate < 5.8% yield, zero CGT
UK	Yes	7.5% yield > 5.5% mortgage, interest deductible via SPV
Spain	Marginal	3.5% rate is low, but 24% gross-rent tax kills cash flow
Australia	No	6% rate + 2% foreign land tax = too expensive
Canada	No	7% commercial rate too high vs 10% yield after costs
USA	No	6.5% rate + \$25k HOA = massively negative
Portugal	No	25% gross-rent tax, 28% CGT = worst tax combo
Germany	No	3.95% yield < 3.8% rate (barely breaks even)
Singapore	No	60% ABSD already, low yield, low growth
Japan	N/A	No mortgages for non-residents

Methodology

- **Gross yields** from Numbeo 2026 city averages, cross-referenced with listing data
- **Growth forecasts** based on 1-3 year market trends (conservative)
- **Purchase taxes** from official government sources
- **Operating costs** from typical market rates (service charges, HOA, management)
- **Tax treatment** modelled on non-resident rates (often higher than resident rates)
- **Mortgage terms** represent typical non-resident lending (higher rates, lower LTV)
- **5-year total return** = (after-tax net rental income × 5) + (capital gain after CGT)
- **Leveraged return** includes principal paydown as equity build
- **Annualised return** = compound annual growth rate



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